

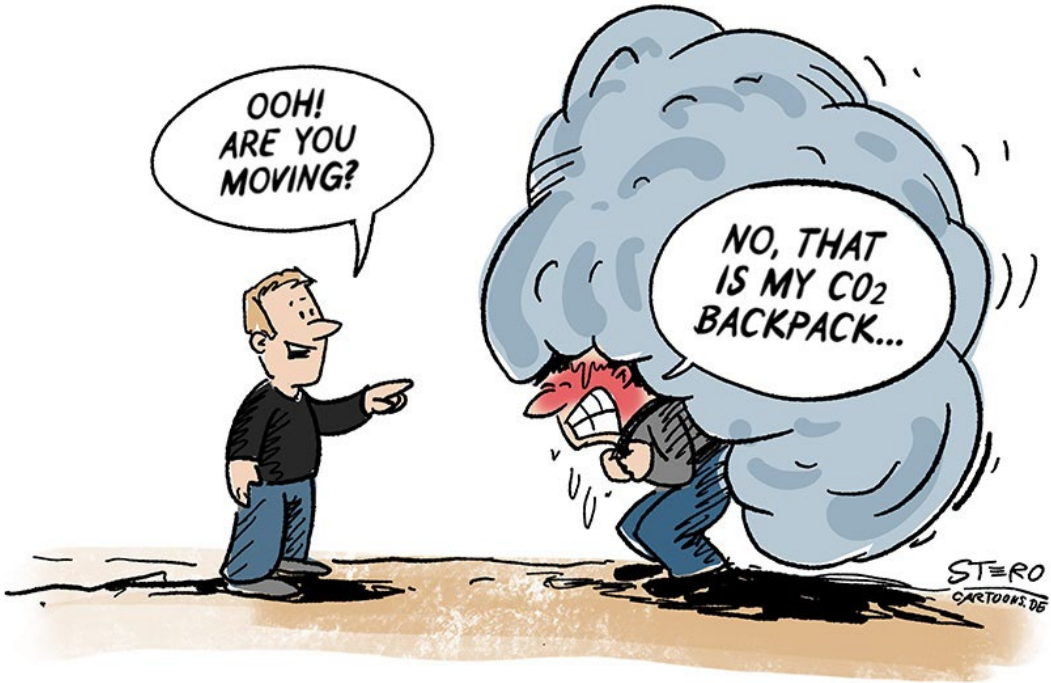


How the pandemic has changed the medical perception of safe indoor air

Enni Sanmark

Helsinki University Hospital

Before 2020: CO2 and SICK BUILDINGS



<https://en.roth-cartoons.de/project/cartoon-co2-backpack/>



<https://www.akcp.com/blog/sick-building-syndrome-causes-and-prevention/>



After 2020: VIRUS TRANSMISSION



<https://cartoonmovement.com/cartoon/coronavirus-1>



ELSEVIER

Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

Journal of Hospital Infection

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jhin



Detection of influenza virus in air samples of patient rooms

A. Chamseddine ^a, N. Soudani ^{b,c}, Z. Kanafani ^d, I. Alameddine ^a, G. Dbaibo ^e,

RESEARCH

REVIEW SUMMARY

CORONAVIRUS

Airborne transmission of respiratory viruses

Chia C. Wang*, Kimberly A. Prather*, Josué Sznitman, Jose L. Jimenez, Seema S. Iyer, Zeynep Tufekci, Linsey C. Marr




International Journal of
*Environmental Research
and Public Health*



Article

Airborne or Fomite Transmission for Norovirus? A Case Study Revisited

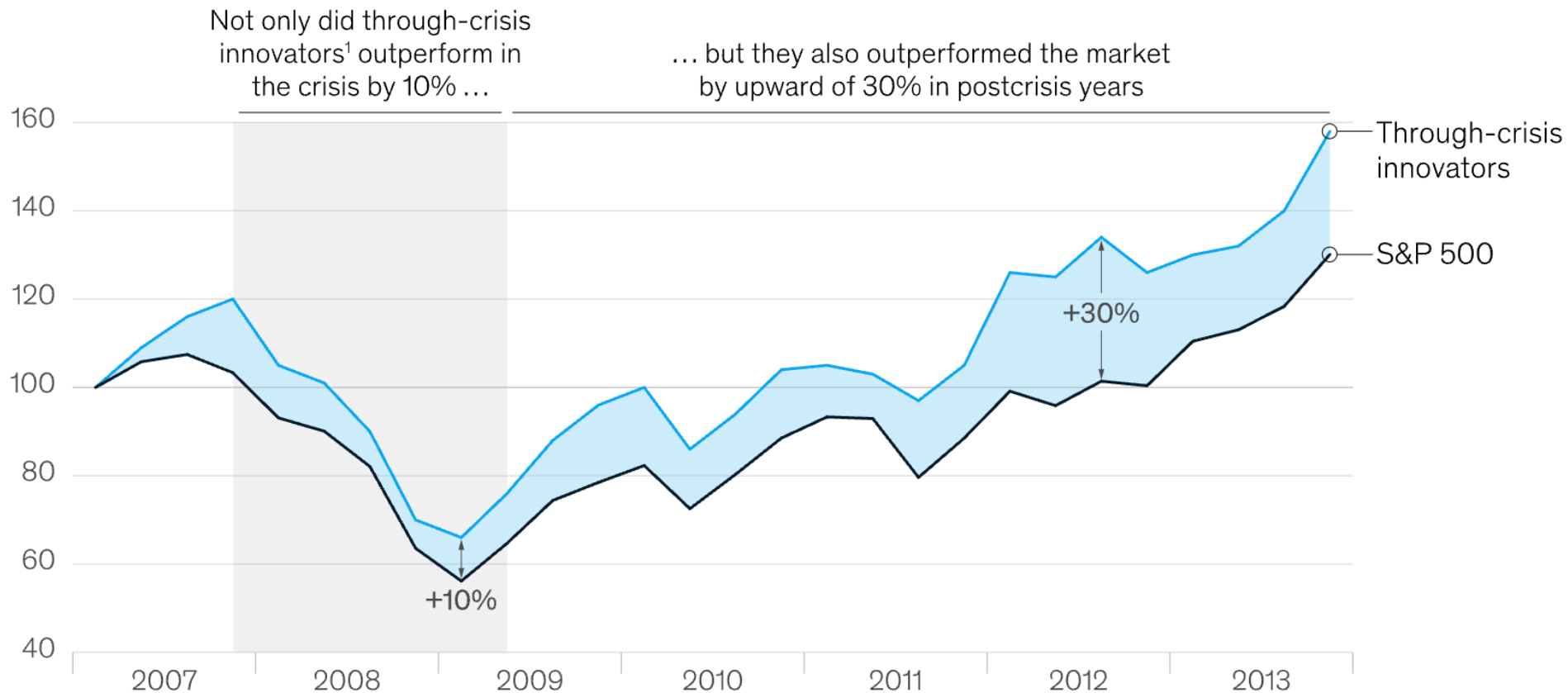
Shenglan Xiao ^{1,*} , Julian W. Tang ^{2,3} and Yuguo Li ¹

THE LANCET

Ten scientific reasons in support of airborne transmission of SARS-CoV-2

History suggests that companies that invest in innovation through a crisis outperform peers during the recovery.

Normalized market capitalization, index (Q1 2007 = 100)



¹Identified as companies on the *Fast Company* World's 50 Most Innovative Companies list for ≥ 2 years through a crisis, normalized to 2007.

SARS-CoV-2 disease severity and transmission efficiency is increased for airborne compared to fomite exposure in Syrian hamsters

Transmission of SARS-CoV-2 is driven by contact, fomite, and airborne transmission. The relative contribution of different transmission routes remains subject to debate. Here, we show Syrian hamsters are susceptible to SARS-CoV-2 infection through intranasal, aerosol, and fomite exposure. Different routes of exposure present with distinct disease manifestations. Intranasal and aerosol inoculation causes severe respiratory pathology, higher virus loads and increased weight loss. In contrast, fomite exposure leads to mild disease manifestation characterized by an anti-inflammatory immune state and delayed shedding pattern. Whereas the overall magnitude of respiratory virus shedding is not linked to disease severity, the onset of shedding is linked to disease severity. Airborne transmission is more dependent on the direction of the airflow. Careful

ARTICLE

 Check for updates

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-21918-6>

OPEN

SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2 are transmitted through the air between ferrets over more than one meter distance

Jasmin S. Kutter¹, Dennis de Meulder¹, Theo M. Bestebroer¹, Pascal Lexmond¹, Ard Mulders¹, Mathilde Richard¹, Ron A. M. Fouchier¹ & Sander Herfst¹✉

Human Influenza Resulting from Aerosol Inhalation

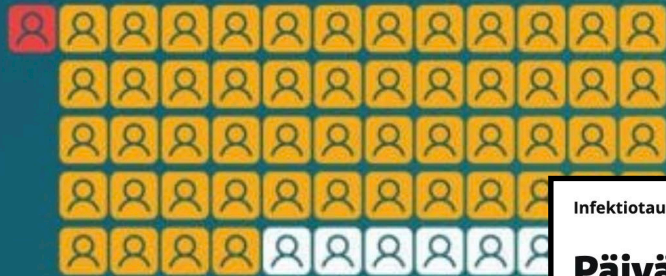
Robert H. Alford, Julius A. Kasel, Peter J. Gerone, more...

First Published July 1, 1966 | Research Article

Volunteers were given A2 influenza virus in a small-particle aerosol. Infection and typical influenza resulted from low doses of virus administered in this manner. Low levels of serum neutralizing antibody were not completely effective in preventing infection and illness. The human infectious dose of this influenza strain when administered by aerosol to subjects free of serum neutralizing antibody was approximately 3 TCID₅₀.

WHAT, HOW and WHY?

After choir practice with one symptomatic person,
87% of group developed COVID-19



● index case

● 32 confirmed and 20 probable cases

COVID-19 spreads easily

- Avoid
- Stay a
- Wear

CDC.GOV

bit.ly/MMWR51220

COULD we limit the spread?

Siihen, miltä koronatesti tuntuu, voi vaikuttaa omalla käyttäytymisellä – Asiantuntija neuvoo, miten testi-tilanteessa kannattaa toimia

Kysimme koronatestissä käyneiltä, miltä testin ottaminen nenänielusta tuntuu. Testi on yleensä ohi sekunneissa. Toiset eivät ole testistä millänsäkään, ja toiset kuvaavat testiä karseaksi kokemukseksi. Yksi keino helpottaa toimenpidettä.

TILAAJILLE



Infektiotaudit

Päiväkotilapset sairastavat jopa sata päivää vuodesta: "Valitettava totuus, jonka korjaaminen olisi hyvin yksinkertaista"

Lääkärin mukaan lapset viedään usein liian aikaisin takaisin päiväkotiin. Harva vanhempi voi hoitaa sairasta lastaan kotona tarpeeksi pitkään töiden vuoksi.



WHO, HOW and WHEN?

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

6/2022 vol. 35

ORIGINAL PAPER

Mental well-being of healthcare workers in 2 hospital districts during the first wave of the COVID-19 pandemic in Finland: a cross-sectional study

Noora Rantanen^{1,2}, Johannes Lieslehto³, Lotta-Maria A.H. Oksanen^{1,4}, Sampo A. Oksanen⁵, Veli-Jukka Anttila^{1,6}, Lasse Lehtonen^{1,7}, Ahmed Geneid^{1,4}, Enni Sanmark^{1,4}

scientific reports

OPEN A machine learning approach to predict resilience and sickness absence in the healthcare workforce during the COVID-19 pandemic

Johannes Lieslehto^{1,2,3,4,5}, Noora Rantanen^{2,3,11}, Lotta-Maria A. H. Oksanen^{2,4}, Sampo A. Oksanen^{2,4}, Anne Kivimäki^{1,7}, Susanna Paju⁷, Milla Pietäinen⁷, Laura Lahdentausta⁷, Pirkko Pussinen⁷, Veli-Jukka Anttila^{3,8}, Lasse Lehtonen^{2,9}, Tea Lallukka¹⁰, Ahmed Geneid^{1,4} & Enni Sanmark^{2,4}

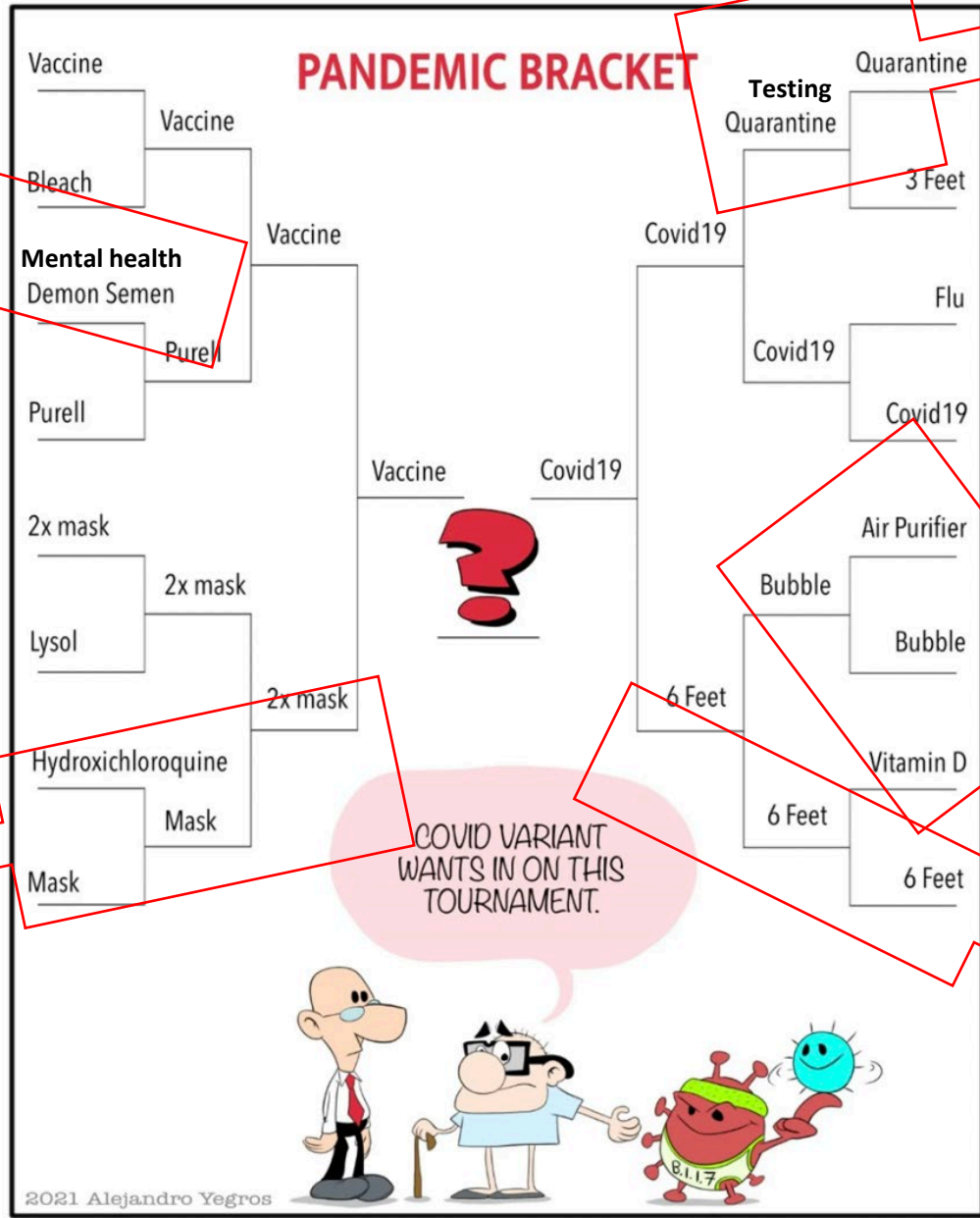
INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

2/2021 vol. 34

ORIGINAL PAPER

Sources of healthcare workers' COVID-19 infections and related safety guidelines

Lotta-Maria A.H. Oksanen^{1,2}, Enni Sanmark^{1,2}, Sampo A. Oksanen^{3,4}, Veli-Jukka Anttila^{1,5}, Jussi J. Paterno^{6,7}, Maija Lappalainen^{1,8}, Lasse Lehtonen^{1,8}, Ahmed Geneid^{1,2}



Blood and saliva SARS-CoV-2 antibody levels in self-collected dried spot samples

Laura Lahdentausta¹, Anne Kivimäki¹, Lotta Oksanen², Marika Tallgren², Sampo Oksanen⁴, Enni Sanmark³, Aino Salminen¹, Ahmed Geneid³, Mikko Sairanen², Susanna Paju¹, Kalle Sakse², Pirkko Pussinen^{1,6}, Milla Pietäinen^{1,7}

Combining Phi6 as a surrogate virus and computational large-eddy simulations to study airborne transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in a restaurant

Lotta Oksanen^{1,2}, Mikko Auvinen³, Joel Kuula³, Rasmus Malmgren⁴, Martin Romantschuk^{4,5}, Antti Hyvärinen³, Sirpa Laitinen⁶, Leena Maunula⁷, Enni Sanmark^{1,2}, Ahmed Geneid^{1,2}, Svetlana Sofieva^{3,4}, Julija Salokas⁴, Helin Veski-Väljälä⁴, Tarja Sironen^{8,9}, Tiia Grönholm³, Antti Hellsten³, Nina Atanasova^{3,4}

ORIGINAL ARTICLE WILEY

SARS-CoV-2 indoor environment contamination with epidemiological and experimental investigations

Lotta-Maria A. H. Oksanen^{1,2}, Jenni Virtanen^{1,3}, Enni Sanmark^{1,2}, Noora Rantanen^{1,2}, Vinaya Venkat^{1,3}, Svetlana Sofieva^{4,5}, Kirsi Aaltonen^{1,3}, Ilkka Kivistö^{1,3}, Julija Svirskaitė¹, Aurora Díaz Pérez², Joel Kuula⁵, Lev Levanov¹, Antti-Pekka Hyvärinen⁵, Leena Maunula³, Nina S. Atanasova^{4,5}, Sirpa Laitinen⁶, Veli-Jukka Anttila^{1,7}, Lasse Lehtonen^{1,8}, Maija Lappalainen^{1,8}, Ahmed Geneid^{1,2}, Tarja Sironen^{1,3}

Original Study

OPEN

Aerosol Generation During Otologic Surgery

*†Mari Lahelma, *†Lotta Oksanen, *†Noora Rantanen, *†Saku Sinkkonen, *†Antti Aarnisalo, *†Ahmed Geneid, and *†Enni Sanmark

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